

# **JPTM2013**

## **International Organization Report**

### **- Asian Development Bank**

Presentation by  
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Space Technology Specialist  
Asian Development Bank  
November 27 2013

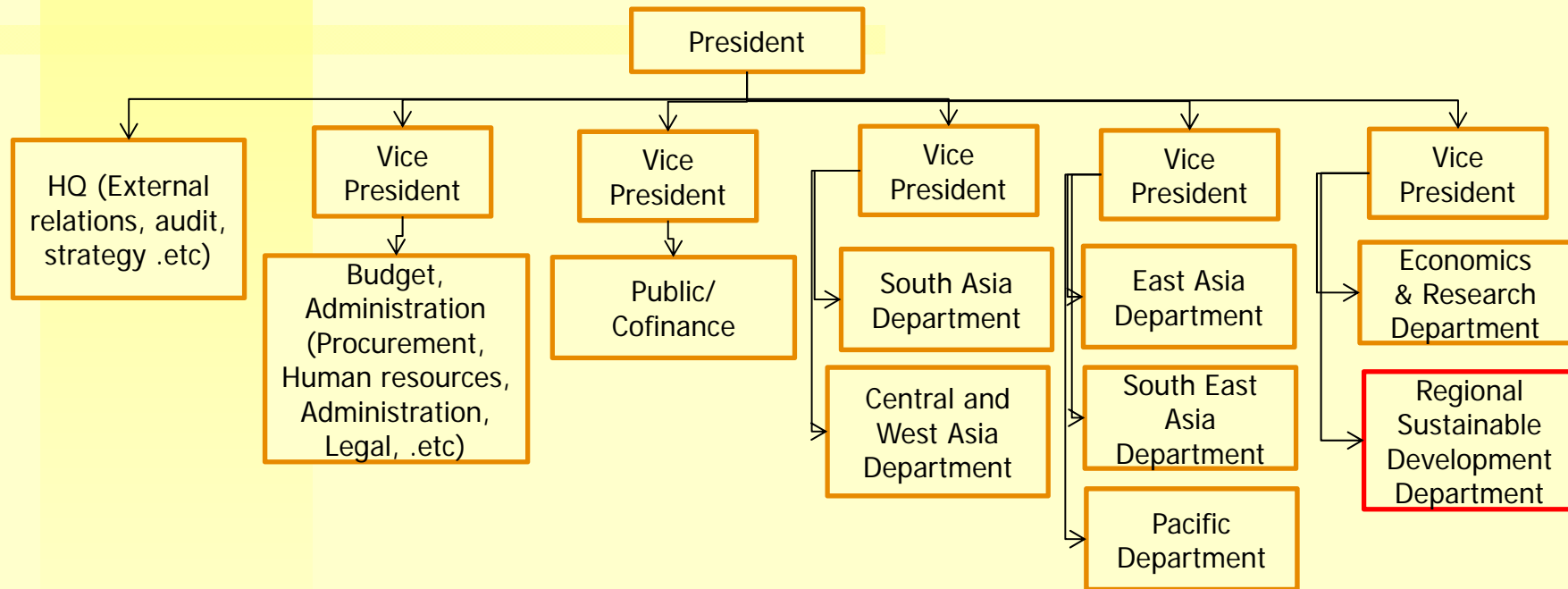


# 1. Introduction

# Introduction of ADB

- Regional development bank
  - Economic development and Poverty reduction
- Projects
  - Loan, grant, and technical assistance (TA)
  - With knowledge to address development issues
- \$15.3 billion assisted in 2013

# Introduction of ADB



Headquarters  
in Manila, Philippines



# Introduction of ADB

- Sectors

- Agriculture, Rural Development, and Food Security
- Education
- Energy
- Environment (Inc. Climate change)
- Financial Sector Development
- Gender Equity
- Health
- Public Management and Governance (Inc. Disaster Risk Management)
- Public-Private Partnership
- Regional Cooperation and Integration
- Social Development and Poverty
- Transport
- Urban
- Water

# Introduction of ADB

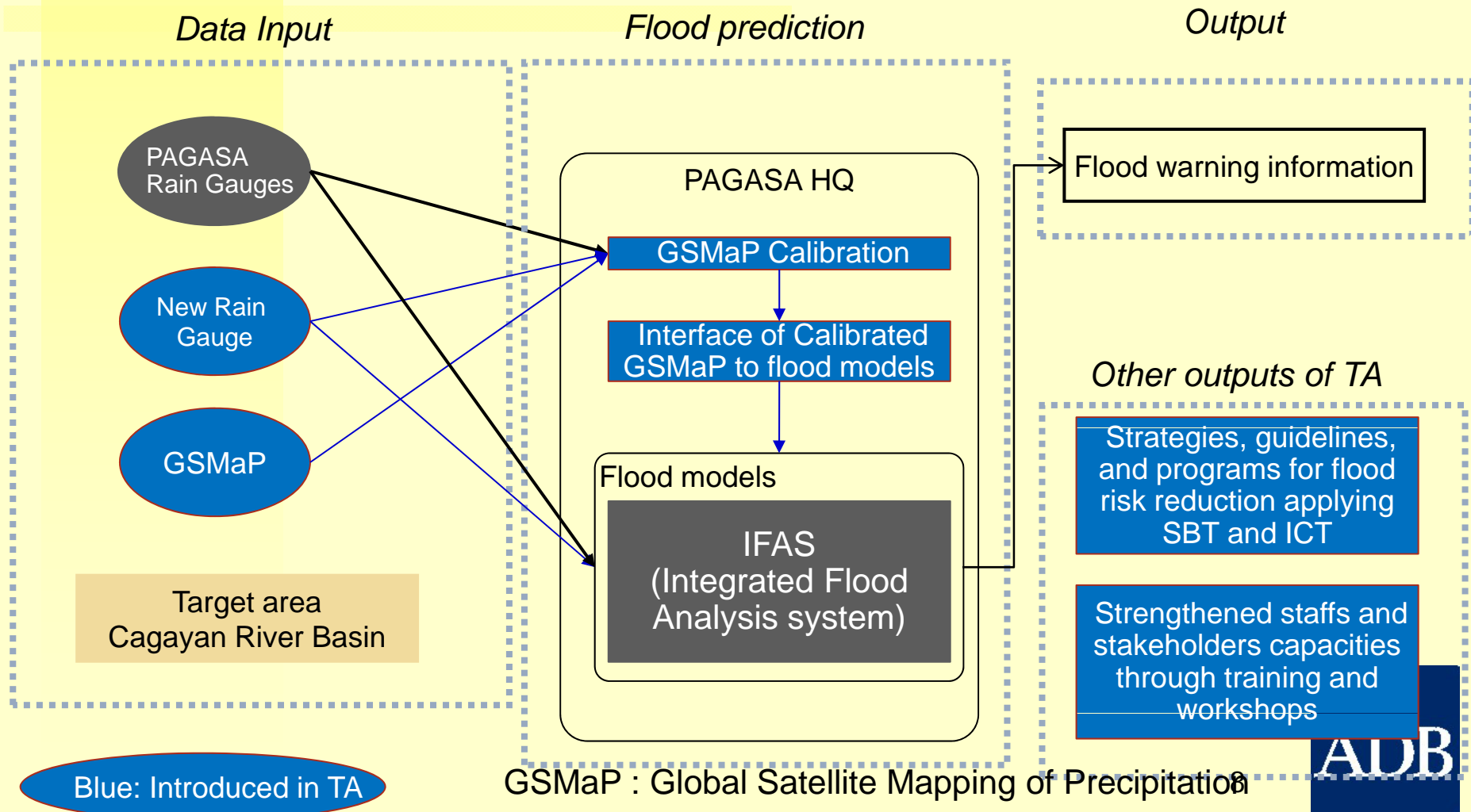
- ADB concluded LOI with Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA) in 2010 to promote space technology applications in its activities.
- “Workshop on GIS and Space Technology for Sustainable Development of Asia” was held in ADB HQ in February 2011.



## **2. DRM activities in ADB using Remote Sensing**

# TA8074 Applying Remote Sensing Technology In River Basin Management

- Improved flood prediction with satellite precipitation data in river basin in Bangladesh, Vietnam and the Philippines.

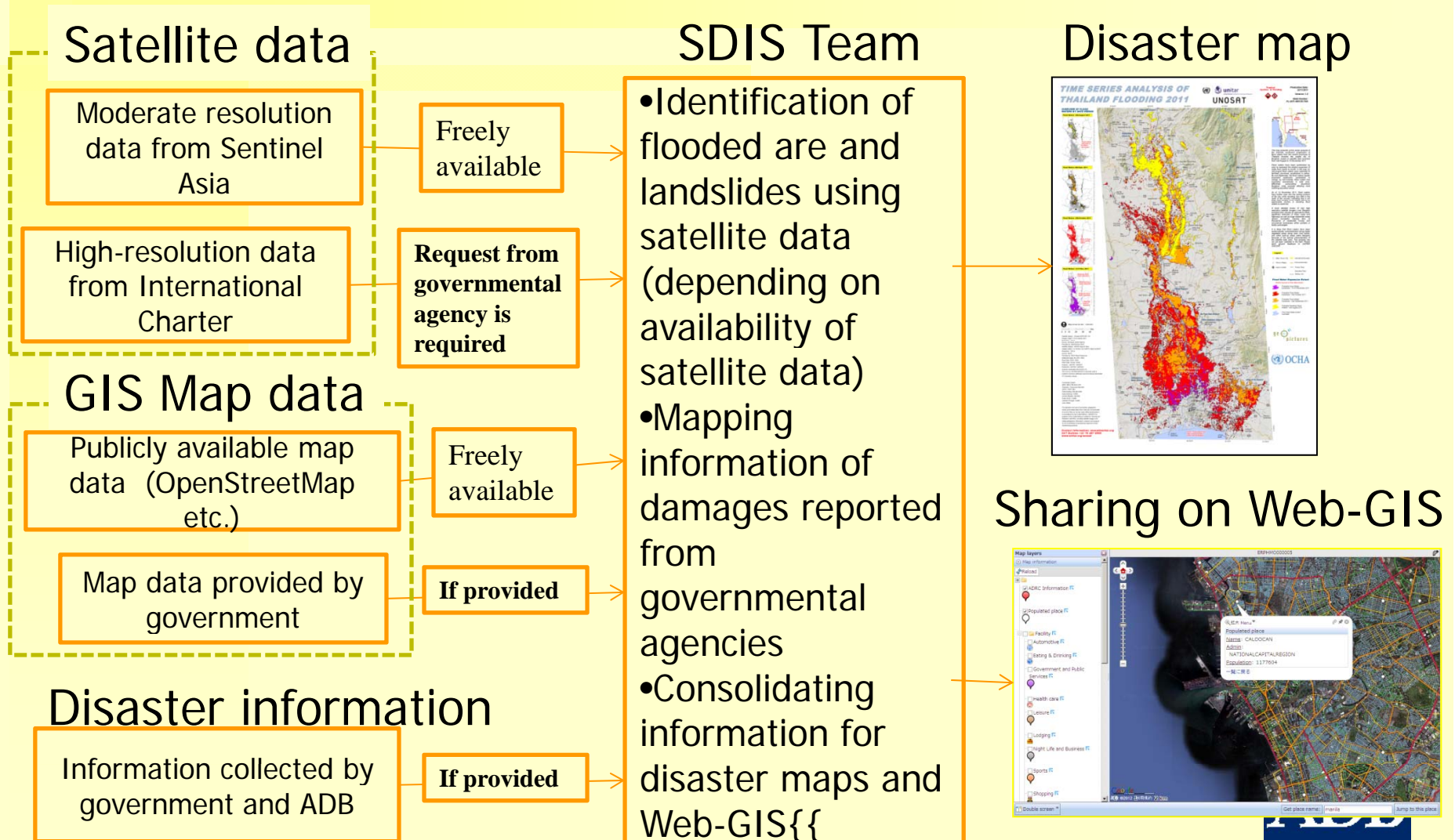




# Training Program for Philippines under TA8074



# Internal Web-GIS to share data



# Seminars

- Five courses of Space Technology and GIS Seminar Series for ADB staffs in May to July 2013.
- SBT and ICT applications for IDRM for ADB staffs in November 2013.

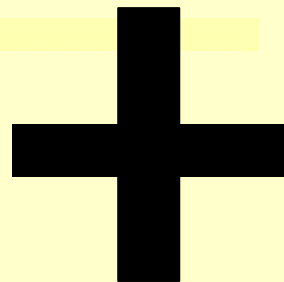
# Post Disaster Needs Assessment for the Typhoon Yolanda



Image from Openstreetmap

Base maps  
(Layers of houses,  
infrastructure, roads, etc.)

Initial Data Source  
-Open Street Map



GIS Analysis

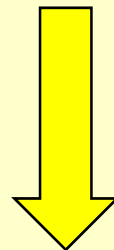


Image from International Charter

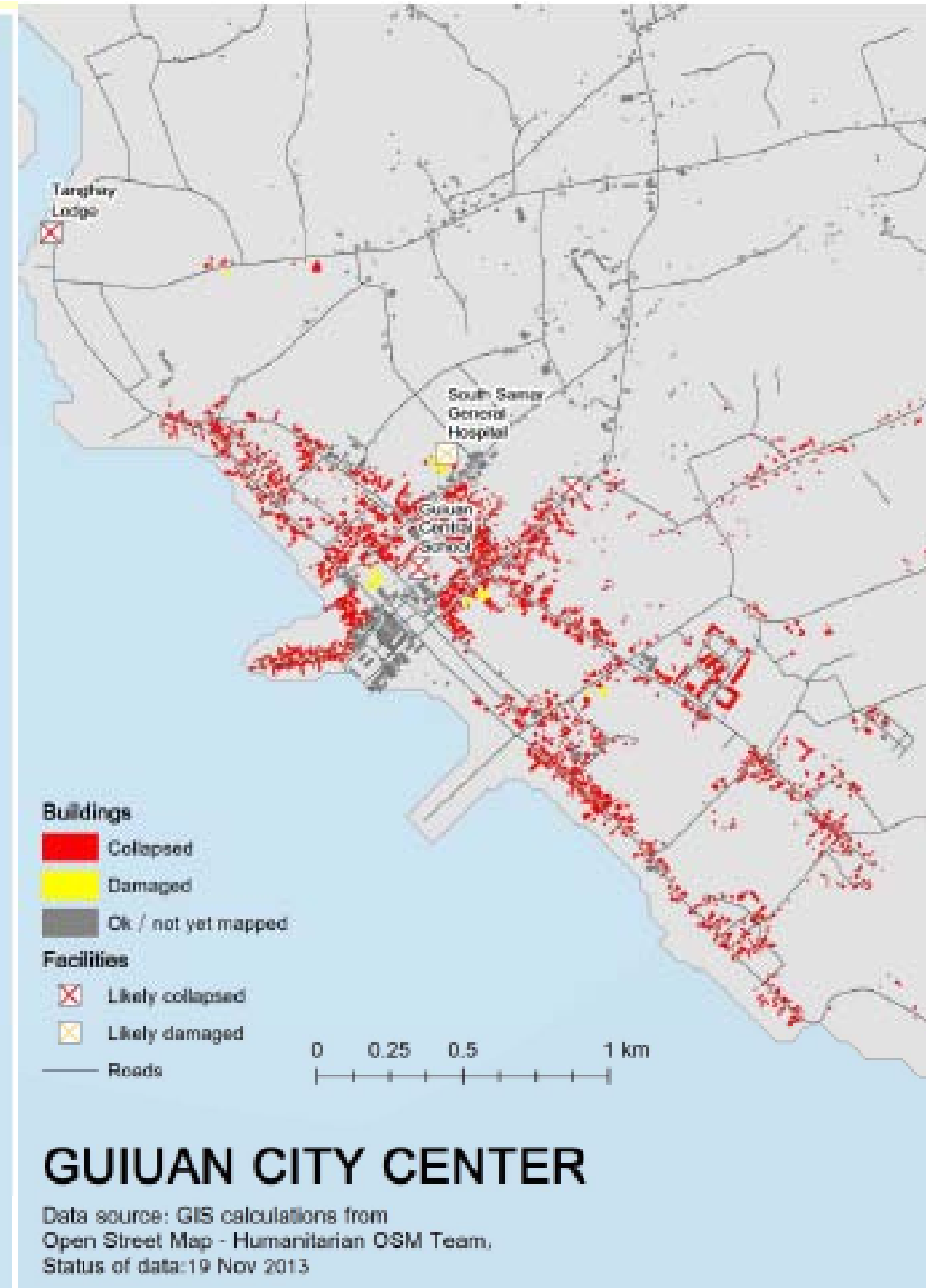
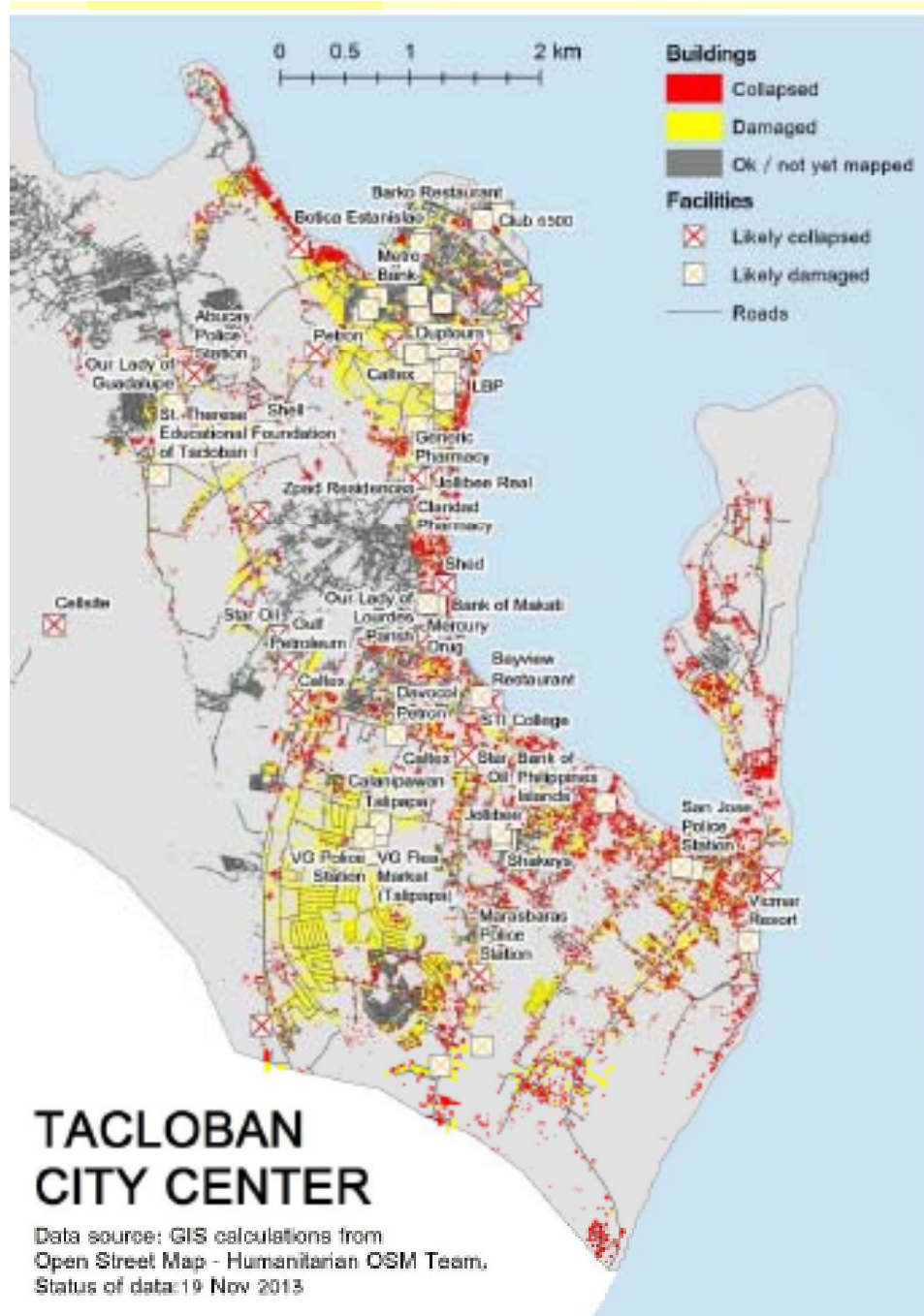
Damaged infrastructure by  
visual check of satellite  
imagery

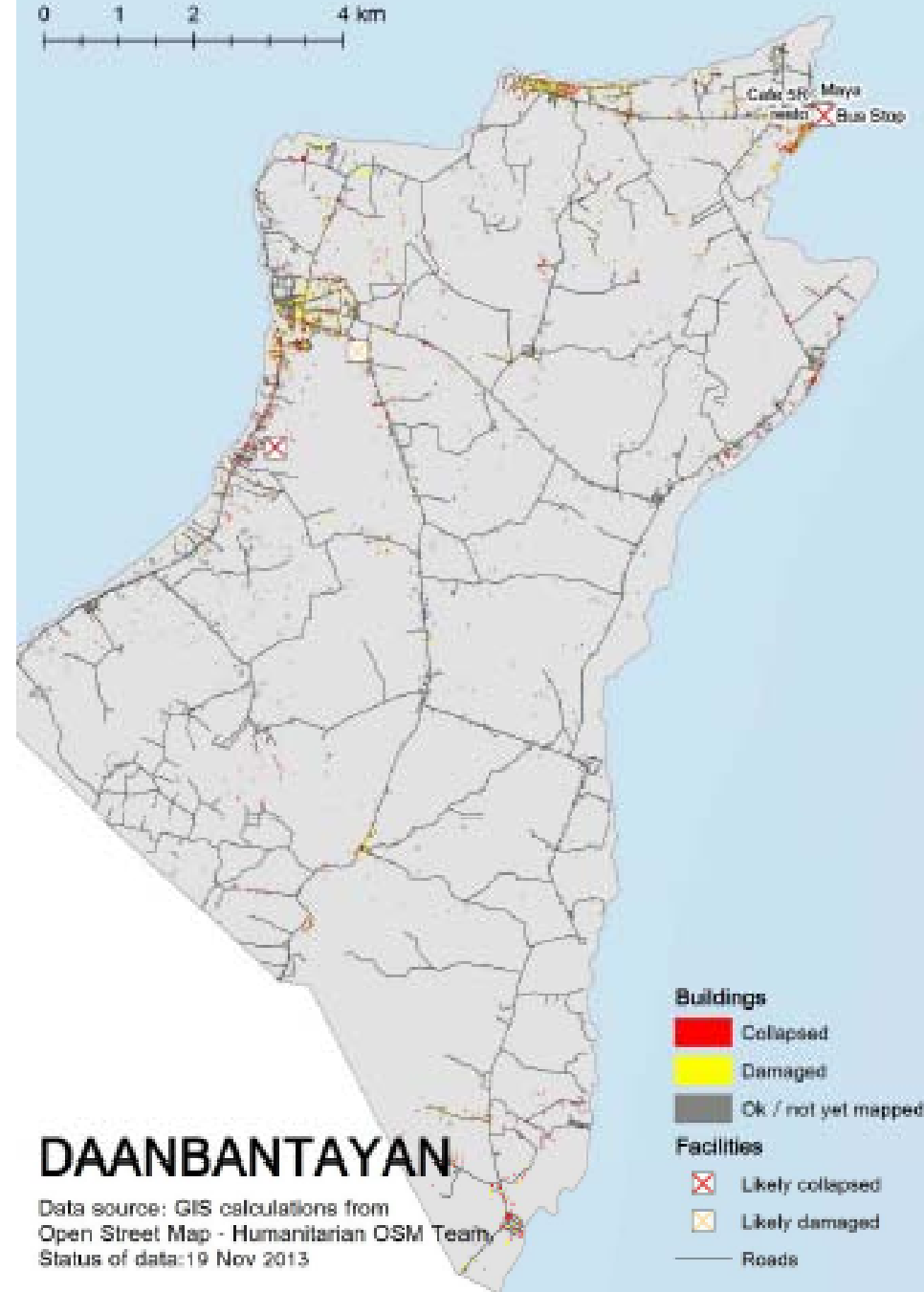
1. Number of damaged infrastructure
2. Damaged infrastructure maps

Initial Data Source  
-Open Street Map

# Results of initial work by ADB RS-GIS team



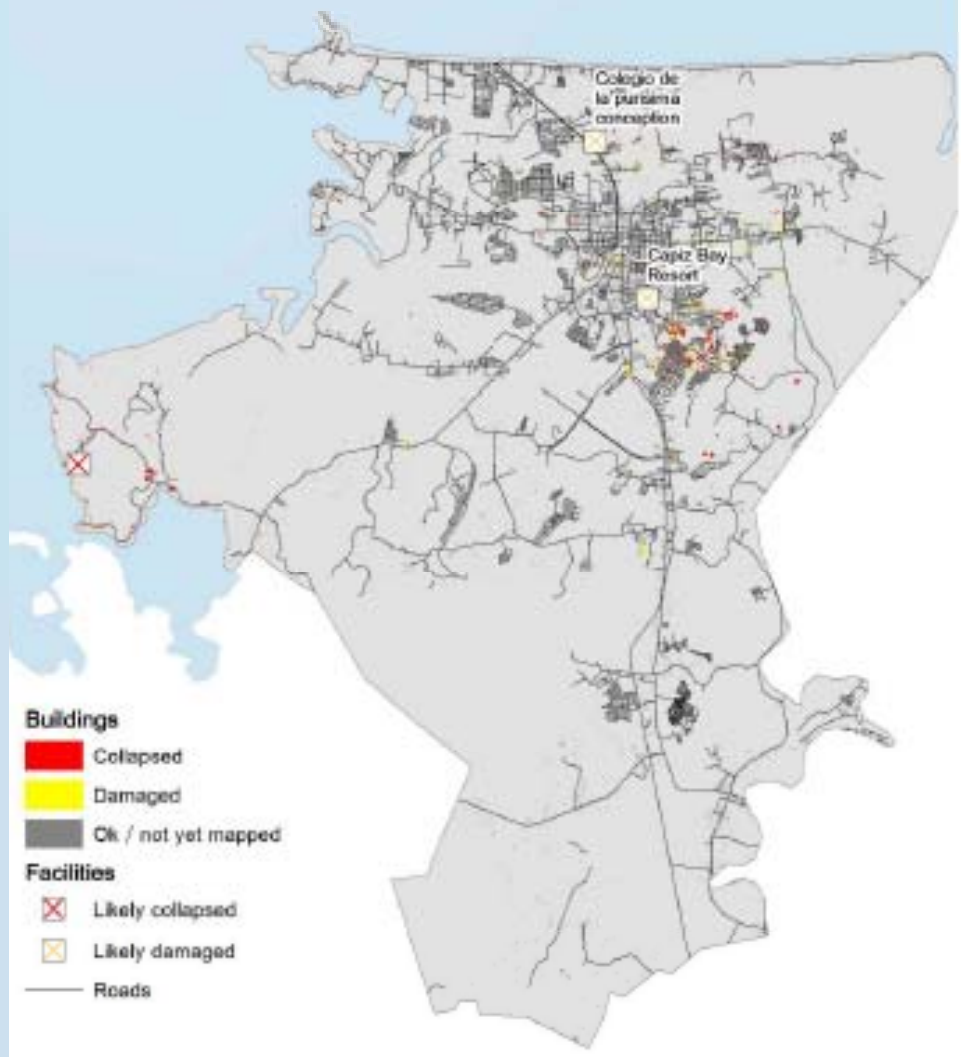




# DAANBANTAYAN

Data source: GIS calculations from  
Open Street Map - Humanitarian OSM Team  
Status of data: 19 Nov 2013

- Buildings**
- Collapsed
  - Damaged
  - Ok / not yet mapped
- Facilities**
- ✕ Likely collapsed
  - ✕ Likely damaged
  - Roads



# ROXAS

Data source: GIS calculations from  
Open Street Map - Humanitarian OSM Team  
Status of data: 19 Nov 2013

- Buildings**
- Collapsed
  - Damaged
  - Ok / not yet mapped
- Facilities**
- ✕ Likely collapsed
  - ✕ Likely damaged
  - Roads

**Table 1: Buildings collapsed or damaged (mapping status as of 19 Nov 2013)**

Buildings	Tacloban	Guiuan	Daanbantayan	Roxas	Bantayan	Grand Total
Collapsed	11931	4189	1125	555		17800
Damaged	8235	24	1170	476		9905
Ok / not mapped	13185	2909	4940	15000	16656	52690
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>33351</b>	<b>7122</b>	<b>7235</b>	<b>16031</b>	<b>16656</b>	<b>80395</b>
<b>Total affected</b>	<b>20166</b>	<b>4213</b>	<b>2295</b>	<b>1031</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>27705</b>
<b>% affected</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>14%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>34%</b>

**Table 2: Facilities collapsed or damaged (mapping status as of 19 Nov 2013, proximity to collapsed or damaged building)**

Facility	Tacloban		Guiuan		Daanbantayan	Roxas City	Grand Total
	Collapsed	Damaged	Collapsed	Damaged	Collapsed	Damaged	
Attraction	3	3					6
Bank	3	8					11
Bus station		1			1		2
Entertainment	1	2					3
Ferry terminal					1		1
Gas station	5	9	1				15
Hospital	1			1			2
Hotel		13	1			1	15
Pharmacy	5	5					10
Police	2	2					4
Religion	1	5					6
Restaurant	4	17			1		22
School	1	5	1				7
Shopping	1	2					3
University						1	1
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>108</b>

**Could calculate the number and locate the damaged hospitals, hotels, schools, etc. on maps**

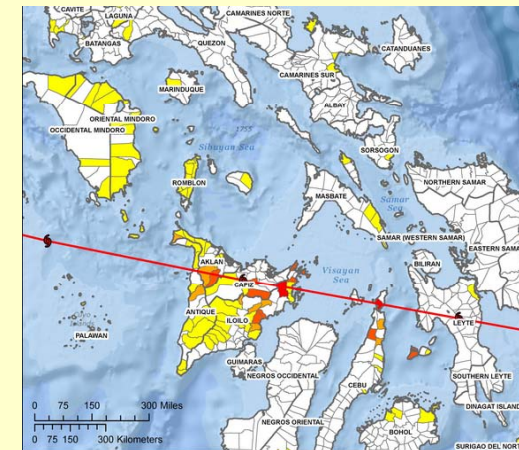
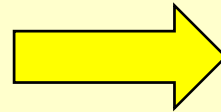


# Observation from the initial results


- Number of damaged houses for Tacloban city from the results is 20166 / 33351 (60%)
- Number of damaged houses for Tacloban city reported in NDRRMC update (as of Nov. 20) is only 382.

# Mapmaking from reports


- NDRRMC update report
  - Dead and missing people by province
  - Affected population by municipality
  - Damaged houses by municipality
  - Cost of damages by sector by province
  - Power outages by province
  - Water supply by province
  - Network coverage by province
  - Cost of assistance by province



**Make maps with coloring by province/municipality**


**REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**  
**NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL**  
 National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Center, Camp Aguinid, Quezon City, Philippines

**NDRRMC UPDATE**  
**SitRep No. 30 Effects of Typhoon "YOLANDA" (HAIYAN)**

Releasing Officer:  
  
**USEC EDUARDO D. DEL ROSARIO**  
 Executive Director

DATE : 20 November 2013, 6:00 AM

**I. CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS**

**06 November 2013**

- The Typhoon East of Mindanao entered the Philippine Area of Responsibility (PAR). It was named "Yolanda"


**07 November 2013**

- Typhoon "Yolanda" intensified as it continued to move West Northwest towards Eastern Visayas maintaining its intensity
- In the afternoon, Typhoon "Yolanda" slightly accelerated and maintained its strength and course

**08 November 2013**

- At 4:40 AM, Typhoon "Yolanda" made its 1<sup>st</sup> landfall over Guluan, Eastern Samar
- It further moved as it made its 2<sup>nd</sup> landfall over Toiooa, Leyte at 7:00 AM and its 3<sup>rd</sup> landfall over Daanbantayan, Cebu at about 9:40 AM
- At 10:40 AM, Ty "Yolanda" made its 4<sup>th</sup> landfall over Bantayan Island, Cebu and by 12:00NN made its 5<sup>th</sup> landfall over Concepcion, Iloilo
- In the afternoon, it maintained its strength as it approached the Calamian Group of Islands
- At 8:00 PM, it made its 6<sup>th</sup> landfall over Busuanga, Palawan
- Typhoon "Yolanda" slightly weakened as it moved towards the West Philippine Sea

08 November 2013



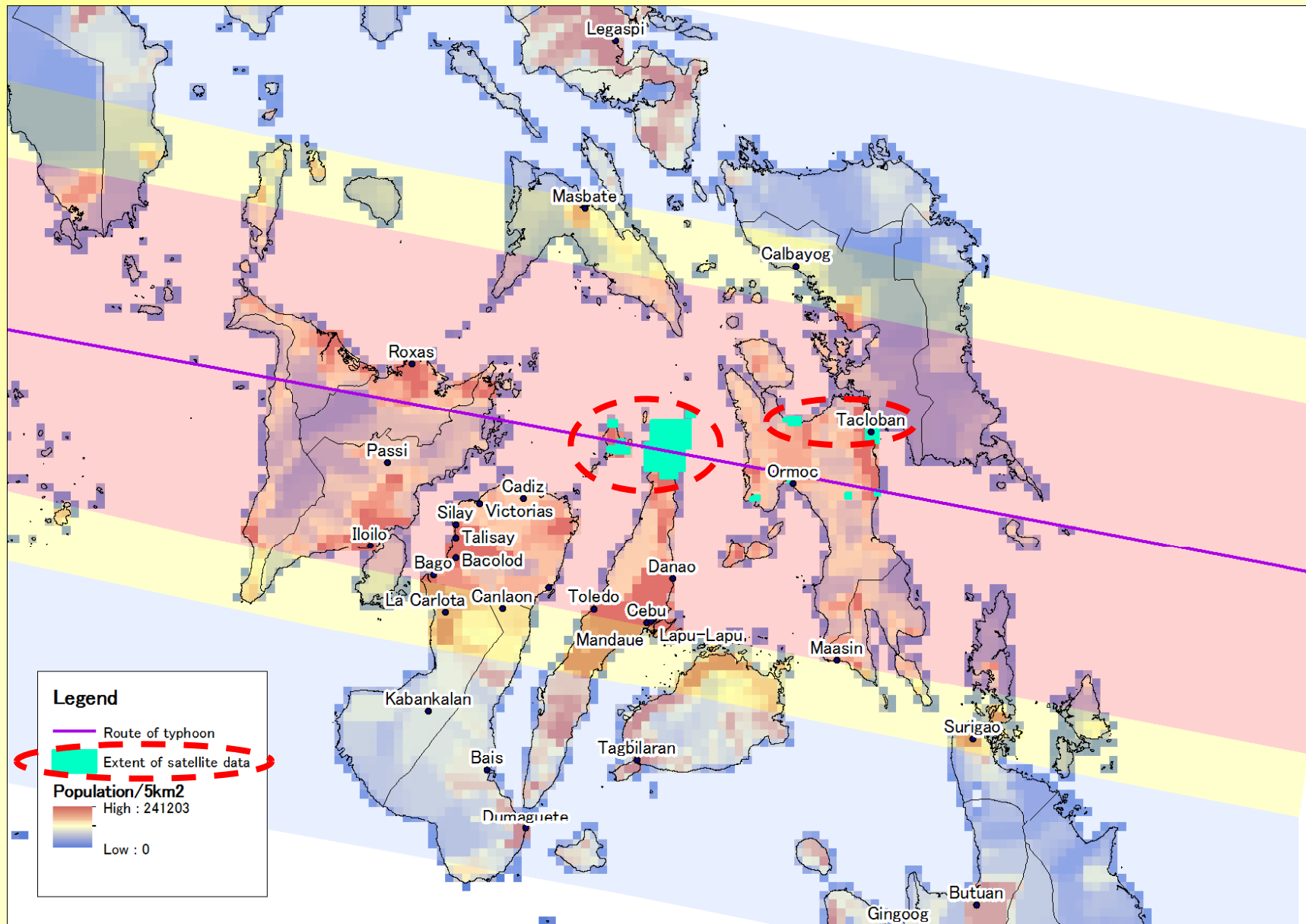
**-No digital data now (in PDF)**  
**-> Need to coordinate with NDRRMC to provide ADB with the excel sheet daily.**



# Lessons Learned

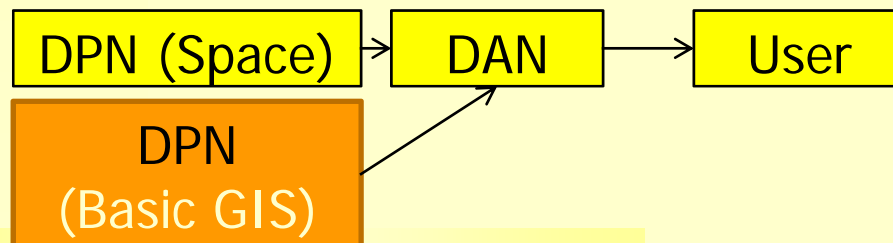
- ADB needs damage assessment to estimate the necessary financial support.
  - Not only for emergency response, the government also needs comprehensive damage information to mobilize budgets as early as possible.
    - Sentinel Asia can target this purpose as well.
  - However, it's difficult to get accurate damage data from the field.
  - The coverage of satellite data is also limited.

# However, Data availability is limited....



# Lessons Learned

- Basic geospatial dataset was not easily available to estimate damages.
  - Types of infrastructure is necessary.
  - OSM data was only available data for this.
  - It was difficult to contact the government agency.
- It is important to prepare such dataset and make them accessible before disasters.
- It would be good to include agency in charge of such basic geospatial dataset to Sentinel Asia Community.



# Lessons Learned

- In order to conduct damage assessment for wide coverage, the window that DAN can access the data from international charter is too short.
  - It is important to discuss how Sentinel Asia or the International Charter can support damage assessment in later phase of disaster responses.
- It was difficult to know what geospacial processing other agencies were conducting, which made ADB's decision making much slower to decide where and what to focus.
  - Information exchange of DAN is very important.

# Lessons Learned

- There are potential users of satellite-based information (international organizations) such as red cross, or other NGOs. It would be useful to expand the collaboration with such agencies.
- It would be useful to make platform to collect proposals about satellite-based data analyses from private sectors. There would be a chance to incorporate some of effective approaches to ADB's short term technical assistance to support the disaster recovery.

## 3. Conclusion

- ADB hopes to have more opportunities to expand its experience and capacities in applying remote sensing for disaster monitoring in Asia and Pacific region, and also have the chance to contribute to the strengthening of Sentinel Asia's activities and partnership.
- ADB would like to strengthen partnership with disaster management agencies in DMCs which is a member of Sentinel Asia and collaborate to maximize benefits of its network.



# **Thank you!**

**If you have any questions,  
please contact  
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[ymuraki@adb.org](mailto:ymuraki@adb.org)**