Applying Space-based Technology and ICT to Strengthen Disaster Resilience

Ko Hamamoto ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

6th JPTM Sentinel Asia Hyogo, Japan on 1 November 2018





Contents

Joint Project Team Meeting - Sentinel Asia

- 1. ADB strategy 2030
- 2. Connecting Sentinel Asia to National DRM System in the Philippines
- 3. Spatial Data Analysis Explorer (SPADE)
- 4. Summary



ADB at a Glance

What is Asian Development Bank?

ABOUT ADB

ADB is an international development finance institution. We provide loans, grants, and expertise to our developing member countries to help them alleviate poverty and create a world in which everyone can share in the benefits of growth.







What is the ADB's 2030 vision





Fragile and conflictaffected situations



Small island developing states



Low-income and lower middle-income countries



Upper middleincome countries



ADB strategy 2030

What operational areas will ADB focus on?

Addressing remaining poverty and reducing inequalities

human development and social inclusion, quality jobs, education and training, better health, social protection

Tackling climate change, building climate and disaster resilience, and enhancing environmental sustainability

low greenhouse gas emissions development, approach to building climate and disaster resilience, environmental sustainability, waterfood-energy security nexus



Promoting rural development and food security

market connectivity and agricultural value chain linkages, agricultural productivity and food security, food safety



Strengthening governance and institutional capacity

public management reforms and financial sustainability, service delivery, capacity and standards

Fostering regional cooperation and integration

connectivity and competitiveness, regional public goods, cooperation in finance sector, subregional initiatives

Accelerating progress in gender equality

scaled-up support for gender equality; women's economic empowerment; gender equality in human development, decision-making, and leadership; reducing time poverty for women; strengthening women's resilience to shocks

Making cities more livable



integrated solutions, funding for cities, inclusive and participatory urban planning, climate resilience and disaster management



ADB Rendezvous With JAXA

How does ADB link with space?



LoI with JAXA in 2010

- Disaster Management
- Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation
- Forest Monitoring
- Water Resources Management
- Agriculture
- Urban Management

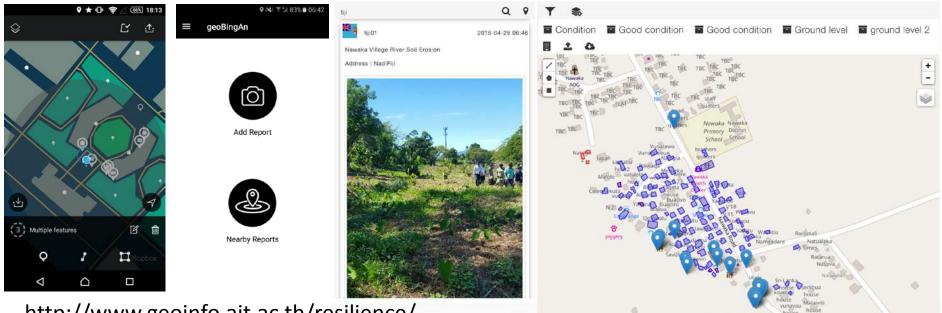


Community-based Disaster Risk Management

Applying Space-Based Technology and ICT to Strengthen Disaster Resilience

Improve quality and timeliness of information for disaster preparedness and response using SBT and ICT (Armenia, Bangladesh, Fiji and Philippines)

- 1. Enhanced disaster-related information collection, sharing, and utilization of applying SBT and ICT in selected communities
- 2. Expanded knowledge on SBT and ICT applications for DRM in each country and the region
- 3. Policy guidelines developed regarding sustainable SBT and ICT applications for DRM in each country

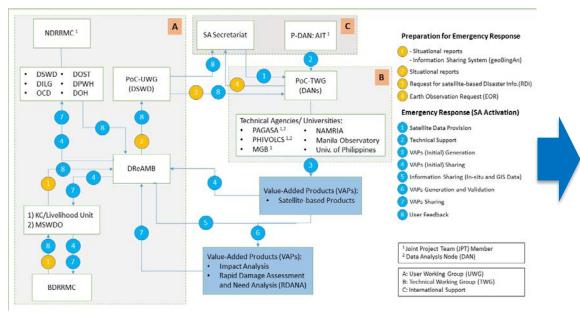


http://www.geoinfo.ait.ac.th/resilience/

Proposed Framework in the Philippines

Connecting Sentinel Asia to the National DRRM System with the Support of ADB TA and JAXA

- The Sentinel Asia National Disaster Risk Reduction Management (NDRRM) framework was designed during the ADB TA
- Requirement for updating the framework considering future NDRRM system (ex. Department of Disaster Management)



Follow-up actions

- Update
- Share the idea with stakeholders



SPADE overview

S P A D E

Spatial Data Analysis Explorer

How to build resilient, livable cities

WHAT IS SPADE

SPADE is a web-based platform on a centralized cloud-based server that contains various geospatial data which can be utilized for consultation, project preparation, production of maps, and analysis of climate change impacts.



Can support ADB strategies and projects, and scale up climate resilience thinking in urban planning



Funded by the Urban Climate Change Resilience Trust Fund



Piloted in 5 cities in 2 countries: Bagerhat and Patuakhali (Bangladesh), and Ha Giang, Hue, and Vinh Yen (Viet Nam)

SPADE overview

HOW IT WORKS

1 Data is gathered from different sources



Earth observation and meteorological satellite data, and hydrometeorological data



Climate change simulations from University of Tokyo's Data Integration and Analysis System



Socioeconomic data from field surveys and a mobile application for data collection created by Asian Institute of Technology

3 Data becomes SPADE

2 Data is integrated into a cloud-based database

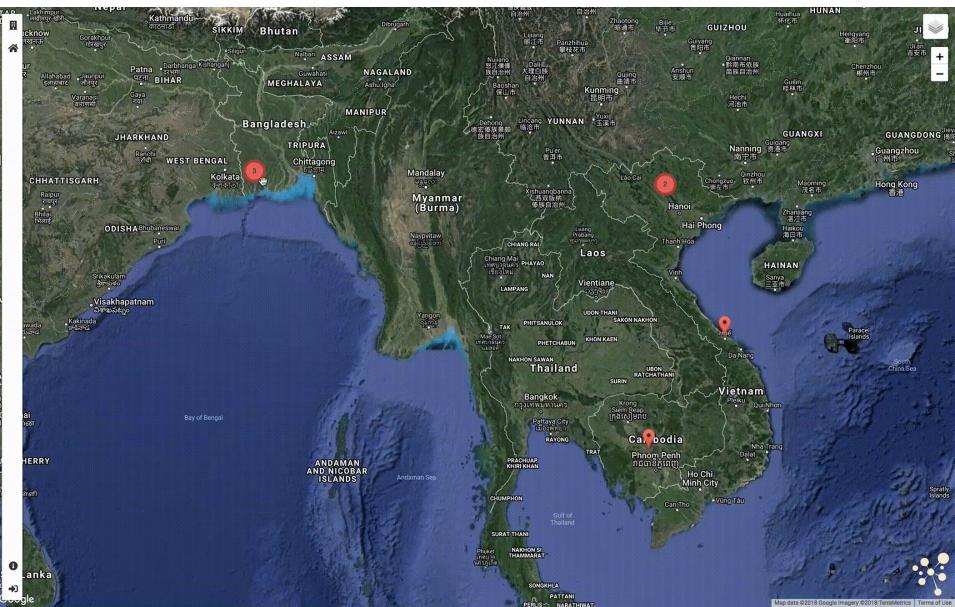
ntegrated system

6

Data is presented as a website that is user-friendly and accessible on computers and mobile phones

Data is integrated, standardized, and stored in a cloudbased system Integrated system enables queries, analysis, and visualization of impacts

SPADE overview



SPADE for Disaster Risk Management

- In addition to climate resilient infrastructure design and disaster risk assessment, SPADE has a capability for a GIS data repository
- Post-disaster spatial information (emergency observation and historical archive) is useful for disaster risk assessment and disaster & emergency assistance planning in ADB
- SPADE has a function to link with external GIS database (ex. web mapping services)





- In ADB strategy 2030, building climate and disaster resilience is the one of 7 operational priorities and satellite data has a potential to support the priority
- ADB TA was conducted with JAXA and Sentinel Asia on DRM in four countries, and the Sentinel Asia framework in the Philippines is under follow up activities
- SPADE, ADB web-GIS system was developed and ADB expects to utilize disaster spatial information on SPADE in cooperation with Sentinel Asia



Thank you.

Presentation by



Ko Hamamoto

Infrastructure Specialist –Space Technology Sustainable Development and Climate Change Dpt.





www.adb.org